THE

## NARRATIVE

O F

R. 2.48

Col. Tho. Blood,

CONCERNING THE

### DESIGN

Reported to be

Lately laid against the LIFE and HONOUR
of his GRACE

#### GEORGE

### Duke of Buckingham.

#### WHEREIN

Colonel Blood is charged to have Conspired with Maurice Hinkey, Philip le Mar, and several others, to suborn the Testimony of Samuel Ryther and Philiman Coddan to swear Buggery against the said Duke.

#### TOGETHER

With a Copy of the Information exhibited in the Crown-Office against the faid Colonel Blood, History, Le Mer, and the rest.

published for General Satisfaction

TONDON. 87 ... 884 CM

Printed by R. Everingian at the Seven Stars in Ave-Mary-Lane.
MDC LXXX.

20

THE

### NARRATIVE

OF

Col. Tho. Blood,

CONCERNING THE

#### DESIGN

Reported to be

Lately laid against the LIFE and HONOUR
of his GRACE

#### GEORGE

### Duke of Buckingham.

#### WHEREIN

Colonel Blood is charged to have Confpired with Macrice Flicky, Philip le Mar, and feveral others, to luborn the Tellimony of Samuel "Ryther and Philemon Coldan to Swear Buggery against the faid Duke.

#### TOGETHER

With a Copy of the Information exhibited in the Crown Office against the faid Colonel Blood, Hieley, Le Mary and the rest.

publiced top General Satisfaction.

LONDON,

Printed by R. Everingian at the Seven Stars in Au-Mary-Lone.

M DC LXXX.

low want of loans blacet Perlon whom there ear

White Mela bus a Specie To Ha Ev ago Louis in

# MARIRATIVE

of to F of they expect their deline

# Colonel Blood, &c.

A T, or about the third of January last, 1679. One Jane Bradley, a Widow, now and then living at the Sign of the St. John's Head, alias, the Heaven-Tavern in the Old-Palace-Tard, Westminster (mentioned in the Narrative that was lately pretended to be Mr. Blood's (accidentally seeing Mr. Blood's Servant going by, beckon'd to him, and told him that she thought she had heard something related, by nameless Persons, proper for Mr Blood's knowledge, and therefore bad him tell him so, and that she would speak with him about it, when he came that ways which she desired might be that or the next day following whereupon the Servant hasten'd home to his Masters House, and told him what Mrs. Bradley had said, 201 and blood him what Mrs. Bradley had said, 201 and blood him beyond on 10 500 and said.

Within few dayes after Mr. Blood calling, defired the faid Woman to lethim know the meaning of her late mefage, brought him by his Man John. She replyed, and told him, that the had forme realon to believe there were fome damn'd Defigus and Plotsunder Agitation, tending to the diffurbance and interuption of the prefent established Government; and that the fairle was as great and dreadful infiner exceeding any that has been yet discovered. The report of the process of the prefent of the prefent of the land was as great and dreadful infiner exceeding any that has been yet discovered.

Maniflood asked her, with no final turprife and afternishment, why the thought forward by what Deiteurs-flanted fliwby find the here were and Indeby Velkows here will other Night, inhat soldnine, they had formething of figural homography in reference to who welfare of the figural homography in reference to who welfare of the figural homography in the homography in the figural homography in the homography to how how to

"do it for want of some discreet Person whom they could "confide in, and that would manage it and them warily "by carrying them before the King and Council. Mr. Blood hearing her tay so, suspected that there was something in the matter more than ordinary, and weighing her Apprehensions of the Fellows in reference to the Eagerness wherewith she told him they exprest their desire of being rid of this Plot (for so they called it) replyed, that if she truly thought they were fit to be taken notice of, or knew any secret that might be to the prejudice of the publick good, he would take care so to manage their pretences, as that he would engage to hand them to a suitable Power in order to it's receiving what they had to offer of any kind relating to the discovery of a Plot.

Hereupon, the faid Jane Bradley prevailed with Mr. Blood to promise to call of her again that Evening at fix of the Clock.

Mr. Blood infifted to her upon letting him know, why the defired his calling at that time, because, replyed the, "I and they have appointed a meeting about that time "in order to their discouring with him about the business (the not naming him to them.) Accordingly, Mr. Blood came much about the hour, and went into a Room below stairs, and asked whether the two Persons she talk of came yet or no; she replyed, and told him, Yes, they were in the Balcony Room above stairs.

Within a quarter of an hour after the Woman came into the Room where Mr. Blood was, and cold him that the faild two strongs fellows looked so like Rogues; that the was off opinion they came upon the Katch as Trapans; for their behaviour, whisperings, and ill aspects, made them seem to book no lesses "Whys faid Mr. Bloods a man may be an honest "atom, schough by hid looks beling to be thought other wife, for it's oft-times obvious, said be, that though the Facilite "she Emble in of and bleart, and that their bly mensioned hires are residually taken yet a man may be mistaken some think them to be such the Room being drinking with them; antiqualling them that Mr. Room was the mainting with them; antiqualling them that Mr. Room was the mainting that they were so discourte with about being brought so the King and Council." What,

faid one of them, what Blood? is that the Blood that Hole the Crown ? God damn him we will have nothing to do "with him, for he is a great Friend of the Duke of Bucking-"ham's And a while after understanding that Mr. Blood was in the House, and that he was the man that was to treat with them (shame take their Craft) they began suddenly to be under a resolution different from that of speaking with him, as they feem'd before to do if it had been another man, for calling up Mrs. Bradley, they asked her whether Mr. Blood was come: Yes, reply'd the: Why, faid they, we have appointed a meeting with other persons this night, that we did not think of when we came hither, which we must necessarily attend, and defired to be excused for that time. "Pray (faid Mrs. Bradley) do not disappoint him "for he came of purpose, but could not prevail with them. Where it is to be rationally supposed that this sudden change of their purpose of speaking with Mr. Blood, (who Mrs. Bradley intended to have them to, though they knew it not either sprang from faint-heartedness and fear of discoursing one against whom they intended to lay snares, and ambushes, telt something might drop in by their behaviour than might betray their delignes, or their being there, to be a fufficient Circumstance to prove that Mr Blood was tampering with them; as in he conclusion of this Narrative they feem to charge him with the doing of. For it is obvious to fee that where a Guilty Confeience appears, to that power against which it has offended, there is scarce need of any Testimony to prove the Guilty for as the saying is a guilty Conscience heads no accuser, which may be properly alluded to this circumstance of these two persons altering their smergingous abover But upon parting! Nets. Brailley, with winest vides perswaded one of them to thew thinfelf to Mr. Blood, that theseby it might appear they were there, and that the did not sell at the vin mendoning what hich an appointment as werby of and the to appear to the who when he was passing by where the Blood was Repelli and sold hims said he mad here a business of great concernof a little but the many or and disposited and pinetal as to of durpretent Leifure of discouring with you about it. by and the beat at the St. There B 2

made about this hour with others; but upon Munday morning next we will take an occasion of waiting upon you again, and communicating to you what we are privy to: and so withdrew immediately, accompanied with some others, supposed of his Confederates, who were also very shye to appear to Mr. Blood. This was the first time that Mr. Blood spoke to these men, though they seem so make out, in what you shall hereafter see, that he has been in their company, and feasted them, and gave them

money feveral times before an one a serios any box

Upon this passage, Mr. Blood not knowing what do think of the matter, or what these fellows might mean by a Plot, or their coming there to discover it, went home immediately; whither within about an hour after Mrs. Bradley came and repeating over her former thoughts, and opinion of the two meh, in reference to their manner of Gesture, talking both openly, and whisperingly, declared her felf fatisfied, by what the already faw, they were Rogues and Trapans, and that the did fear, they had some mischievous designs upon him, and therefore bad him to have a care of himself, by laying with all possible dispatch a prevention and stop against any such thing (for this was her Opinion) "How do you think I I can do it (replyed Mr. Blood) for I know nothing of "them, neither do I know where they live? Why, faid "the I know, and so told him the Directions left her, by Mr. Curis, where their ledgings were. Why what will you have me do, replyed Blood again, to Strangers that I never faw before? Do, faid the, feize, carry, and get them examined before one of his Majerties Justices of the Peace, where they must upon a report of this meeting, and what they told me touching a Plon give ta mean, or are privy to, relating to a Plot de hoold ald a Herry pon Mr. Blood weighing the Confequence of her

Heraupon Mr. Blood weighing the Confequence of her Advices and confidering how much the same units Carcum(tances affected his fatery and defending and any aminent Delign that high be probably threaten do him tin pre-levence to the Turnele and expense which the finding out of their fellows cand expense which the finding out of their fellows cand expense which the finding out of their fellows cand expelse him to unforced by another dangerous times when all exert Mouths from to be also pen

as their Eares, resolved immediately to go in quest of them and in order thereto, went to Colonel Walcup, one of his Majeflies Justices of the Peace, who happen'd to be then out of Town. Upon that he went in quest of another, and met with Doctor Chamberlain, likewise a Justice of Peace, to whom he communicate ted the whole passage at large; and told him that the behaviour of the aforesaid two Fellowes towards him appeared so wry-necked (for those were his very words) that he believed they had a Defign of doing him some mischiet; and that he thought the way to prevent them in it, and the defending himself against harm, was to get them seized and examin'd in order to the forcing them to. declare what they pretended to be privy to relating to a Plot or any thing elce concerning him, and therefore defired his Warrant fo to do, and that he would please to do him the favour to go with him, in regard faid he, that it did meerly concern his particufar pare to be out of the fear of it, as well as the health of the Government said to be aimed at, by what these fellows reported they knew-

Doctor Chamberlain condescended to the giving a Warrant for the apprehending of them under the Names of Philemom Goddni! and Samuel Ryber, and was as well out of friendship to Mr. Blood as love to the publick good, pleased to go in person himself to find them out taking a long with him, a Constable or two, and a competent number of Watchmen, and being informed that they lodged viz. the former at one Richard Monk a Dyers House. bearing the Sign of the Rainbow at the lower end of Long Aker, and the other, viz. Samuel Ryther, about the Sobo, thither he went, and having taken care to speak with them at either place as they earnein, after some attendance, seized both at the latter of the faid Places, that is at Rythers Quarters, about eleven of the After being feized, Doctor Chamberlain began to Clock at night. examine them severally, touching the Plot they pretended to be. peniveo, and which they wanted a Magistrate to reveal to whereat they behaved themselves with much strangeness and surprize, and very pragmatically and infolently pressed the fustice to let them know what he meant, what the ground of his Apprehention was or what he had to lay to their Charge? He told them that he heard they were privy to a great and dangerous Plot against the Trangulity of the Government, and that to discover the same, he understand that they did appoint a meeting that Evening about fix in order to their revealing the fame, to fugh a person as Mrs. Bradley did bring them to, but that when they came to the place, appointed being at the St. Johns-Head-Tavern, alias called Heaven,

(6)

ven, in the Old Pallace Yard Westminster, they can away without giving any Account of what they pretended to reveal when they came either to Mrs. Bradly or het Friend, and that he understanding it was about a Plot, he came purposely to know and receive

what they had to discover of that kind.

Whereat Somuel Rother started up and protested he knew of no Plot, nor ought like it. The other, viz. Mr. Codan forsooth, being ask'd what the meaning of their meeting at Meaven was, if they had no Plot to discover? To which he replied, that it was about the Duke of Buckingham, who he said owed them both several hundreds of pounds upon Account of Wages, and that they wanted some body that was able to cope with him. How! how! replied one Thomas Curtis, that happened to stand by, why do you say so? Did not I hear you say at such a place, naming it, that you knew of a greater Plot yet undiscovered, than either Doctor Osts or Captain Bedlow ever hitherto confessed; to which they gave no satisfactory Answer.

Then Doctor Chamberlain urged again, that it was not to be expected, that any should be so overseen as to interpose between Masters and Servants about Wages, especially so great a Person as the Duke of Buckingham was, that that could not be the reason of their meeting as was appointed at Heaven, and therefore told them

that he could not believe, but that that was an Excuse

Upon which one of these men (seeing themselves so strictly set, and no other presence to escape owning that they said they knew of a Plot) starts up, and sell violently upon Damming and sinking himself, in the presence of the Justice, that he would be revenged on the Duke of Buckingbam, and that he would swear, and do any thing that could tend to the doing him a prejudice, and that

he himfelf would fwear Sodomy against him.

With that Doctor Chamberlain and Mr. Blood perceiving and weighing deliberately that the relult of their Cavelling in coherent Replies and Defence, was fictious, and sprang from their own invention; concludes, that it was scarce worthy their further notice, and therefore the Justice told him of the two that last spake, that he neither did nor would heat any thing of the matter of Sodom they talk of relating to the Duke; and that he was a limite unlatisfied with their evaluans and quibling stories, afferting that there was a sufficient Witness by (naming Carries) who was able to justifie that he heard them say they had something to relate touching an Interruption designed to the Government, and therefore profiled them both to be ingentious, yet to no purpose.

Then Doctor Chamberlain relating to leave no ftenclunturn d,

South the sale

(2)

having our the Truth of the matter from them, asked them to include why, and what was the reason of their running away at the fall of Mr. Blood, when they appointed to meet at Mr. Brade at Heaven, without giving an Account of what they came about Because, replied they, we were diffident and mistrustful of him, why so said the Justice? Why said they, we did not judg him to be a fitting person for our turn, in reference to what we have to offer against the Duke of Buckingham. Why so said he? because replied they, we apprehended by what we heard, that he was the Dukes friend, and if we did trust him he might probably betray us.

Thereupon Doctor Chamberlain taking them for idle Fellows, bad them be gone, but presently upon second Thoughts, directed them to consider of what they had already said, and to attend upon him at his House in Esex-Building on the Munday morning following, where he would receive what, if any thing, they should

then have to offer concerning the discovery of a Plot.

Accordingly they came accompanied with Mr. Whittaker, and Mr. Jenks, where Mr. Blood likewife attended, and Doctor Chamberlain asking them over again the meaning of those shuffling Stories they treated him the foregoing Saturday at night with, they replied, they had a further Delign to discover and carry on, relates ing to the welfare and Good of the publick, but would come to no particulars. Whereupon without more ado, Doctor Chamberlain dismissed them and heard not of them for some time after. bacAbout the 20th of January, Sir William Waller being returned out of the Country where he then was about this time, rook occasion of sending his Man to Mr. Blood, with directions that he would be pleased to come to him to the Buffille-bead-Tavern near : the Gatebonfe inWestminster, to drink as he thought, a Glass of Wine with him; who prefendly came, where finding, to his surprize, Mr. Ryther and Mr. Codan together with Mr. Whittaker and Mr. Jenks in Sir Williams, Company, started, not so much at their being there : (I mean Mr. Rythen and Codan) but at the fudden change of the dress of the hid two, who from the degree of Porter-like fellows for fuch fike, or worle they appeared to be when they were examined before Doctor Chamberlain) got into fine Rigging, fuch as ndacclothes good Pernivings, new Hats, clean Linnen, Swords and all other Accouerements antwerable, fo that Mr. Blood did scarce know them, and to faid nothing for a lietle time,

After the drinking a Glassor two of Wine, Sir William began to open the Matter, and told Mr. Blood why he lent for him, and withal, sithat he wastivery much troubled at the misfortune he and discount and site of the lately nool as their mid flat or matth. Write or min and the shed and or lately

supposed runt an end or tome Affairs that he was obliged to fee diffratche

lately brought himself under, and that not only upon the Account of his being a Neighbour, and a long Acquaintance, but for some other Reasons, which be did

not think fit then to mention.

What misfortune do you mean, replied Mr. Blood, I do not understand you? Why, faid Sir William, these two Gentlemen (pointing at Mr. Ryther and Godan, that fate by) are come hither before me, to depose upon Oath, that you as a Confederate have attempted at feveral times to corrupt them by money, and the profest of other confiderable Rewards, to swear and fally to accuse and charge his Grace the Duke of Buckingham with Sodomy. How! What do you mean, rereplied Mr. Bleed? what is the matter, I do not know what you fay?

Whereat Philemen Goddan frarted up, almost differis'd (for Mr. Blood could fcarce remember where he law him, because he got so finely Rigged of a suddain) and faid, Mr. Blood you would suborn us to swear Buggery against the Duke of Buckingham. O shame on you replied Blood, can you be so Impudent, as to invent fuch a thing of Mr. Blood, that is a Stranger to you, and who never law you

in his Life, but before Doctor Chamberlain, and one time at Heaven.

At which Me, Fenks and Mr, Whittaker fitting by, jointly interpoling, flood up and took the opportunity of backing him that last spake, and said, come Mr. Blood come, as God gave you Reason, Wildome and Understanding; be honest, and just, and Contes.

Mr. Blood being fomething concerned thereat, replied, faying, you that have been these two years last past imployed to asperse Mr. Blood, do you appear in such

a Game as this, is your Invention no better?

Then directing his Discourse to Sir William Waller, askt him what the matter was, or what made those two men run away from Heaven without faying of any thing of this kind, and why did they Damme and fink themfelves, when they came afterwards before Doctor Chamberlain, that they would ruine the Duke of Bucking has by Oath or any other A dathat could inable them to reach him. Sir. William Waller replied, that they faid to on Purpose, and in Order to the carrying on a greater Delign; further afferting that thefe Gentlemen, (for to they were pleased to call them, were bonest men, whereupon Mr. Fenks and Mr. Whittaker jointly preft, that they meaning Codies land Ryiber, were very honest men, and therefore defired that Sir William would be pleased to exercise Inflice on Mr. Blood in their behalf.

Sir William Waller thereat defired Mr. Blood with Civility, that he would bring in two persons for his Bail, inftancing at the same time Mr. Jurat and another Gentleman, that were triends of Mr. Bloods, Mr. Blood replied that he would take time to confider of the validity of his Advice, and wait upon them with the refult of what he would refolve upon another time, for fuch things were not to be

done rash y

Accordingly Mr. Blood quitted the Comp my friendly and went about his bulinels Next morning he went to Sir William Waller to his house, where he found Mr. Whittaker and being asktiby Sir William, lave you brought your friends Mr. Blood as I defired you, no replied Mr. Blood nor will till I know for what, and then defired a Copy of the mittimus that he was to be Committed by, for by that faid he I

first be a ble to know how I that proportion my Bail.

Lippen which Sir will a mibegg of that he would not proceed according to that method or G ontie, but follow his directions; and put in Beil. Which Mr. slood perfifted in his declining the doing of it, declaring that he would infift upon being treated by him according to the form of Law, and therefore defined to know what he flood charged with, by letting him trave a Coppy of his mirrimus, which

The next day's Conflable clime today Bloods House in the name of Sir William and defired to speak with him, notice whereof being carried to Mr. Blood, who hapthen to be in bed, he sent his min to Sir William to tell him that as soon up, and made an end of some Affairs that he was obliged to see dispatchs that morning at Court, he would wait upon hims

-v framiediacely Mr. Thed got rap, eminican col Chalcultor's ding ly rand upon his returns thence, which was within to me fright hims after the mer a could ble at the more end of remi through well-minited who defining hirs to the posider lie le involani Alled then was hald by told him he had a Warrant with Haking 2 Warrant for a Mirimus ) against himbronedir william Willero and chacif he pleased to step into day Househard by the wood ld followding without expoling the bullinge to the view of and I char tipon leeinghar Constable in his company higher berapy co que sof dus being dur trouble ! Mr. Blond the selfbon Went vo the Dog Tavenil new door colether Gae houft owhicher I de faid Officer followed him, and thete'd him His Authorite from Sit tible, I de 1514 hezbrowghirdelloradani sawithinkan, milliw have done; for, faid he, when Sir William gave this Mittimus, A Copy of the Mittimus by which Wir. Blood was fer him, Committed; and then he told me, that he trould bear presentation, solved state of the Garatauth ; and belides that. I have opened the Bulinels, vonde Cidno Acquaintance, whom I accidentally met with here, and that are now Confiables of Combined There do Outh hack been made by two With fe's before when want to me That Colloned Thomas Blonding Colloned to milian Wallet Pase in the late Conspiracy of Suborning Witnesses fally to -not summounte andichage Whit vGrace the Duke of Buckingham of Sodomy, he having refused to give in Bail to appear the next -121 oils General Sessions of the Peace to be held for the City and Liomo sinberty tofor Weltomin Reinto an fuer the Premifes bus go but any of These wel therefore in His Majesties Name upon sight bus anchereof to directo you to take into your Custody the Body of ed and the fand College Thomas Blood, wand him fafely to and nogu keep until the Hall be delivered by due courfe of Law. brought word, that it was one of the Wienelles against egeflett and staw Given under my Hand and Seal trice Simo die or buttness 1964or ining the hour particular process to dether in Whereupon the faid Witness going back immebi While Mr.) Blood lay understhe reffraint of this Mittimus. (which happened upon Squarday the one and charcieth of January) in chanced that one of your common Hawkers, among other things, it's the weak hop cry'd, this Mr. Blood was in the Guehouse where the sationally supposed that Sir William having iffued his Micrimus the day before; being addien for a Warrant. Mr.

the thirtieth day of January, for the apprehending and easilying away Mr. Blood to Goal, by the vertue of the fame, and imagining that the Conftable did his Duty that day accordingly in laying of him apo the Printer had form how notice thereof brought him, and to dispersid the But Sit William Soon heard of the millake, for lending upon the (aid Salarday; about three in the afternoon, lone of the faid Witnesses from the Cock Ale-House near Temple-Bar to We faminften, to know of the Conftable how he had disposed of Mr. Blood, he found the Gonflable was with Mr. Blood at the Dog. Tavern, who fending for the Confable into another Room, asked him why Mr. Blad was not carried to Prilon Heford that time ? Why, replyed the Constable, I do not know how Sir William can justifie me in what I have done; for, said he, when Sir William gave this Mittimus. I told him, that I durft not carry him to Goal before he was first carried by Virtue of a Warrant before a Justice of Peace, and thence, according as the Crime appear'd, or I worn against him, Committed; and then he told me, that he would bear me out in it, but now I find to the contrary; and belides that. I have opened the Bulinels to two of my Acquaintance, whom I accidentally met with here, and that are now Constables of this Parith, who will me, that it is in the Power of Mr. Blood to bring me under great trouble, for my inadvertency in the thing, which pray go and tell him, and that if Mr. Blood hath a mind to go, I neither dare nor will keep him one minute lon-Sedwin, her barring refused to the in Exbody, method

In this interval of time, Mr. Blood taking notice of the Paffage, and observing that the Constable absented from his Company a good while, and taking notice also, that he was fuddenly called for inco another Room, to speak with one, and defirous to know who it was for what the matter might be. fent out one of his Friends to least who it was, who upon his return brought word, that it was one of the Witnesses against him, that came from Sir William Waller, but what his Meffage. or Bufiness was he knew non, but that they were rogether in the House. Whereupon the said Witness going back immediately again to Sir William to tell him what the Couftable faid touching his incapacity of detaining Mr. Blood without a Warrante the Conftable came in to Mr. Bleed but did nor then tell him the Pallages that happened between him and the two Conflables about the danger be was in, nor the Mellage that the faid Withels came apon, or that he went back to Sit William for a Warrant. Mr.

Mr. Blood took occasion that of telling the Constable of his inadverticity, and that if he a meaning himself.) twore a troublesome Man, he could have trounc'd him is how? replyed the Constable, and for what? For detaining me here, replyed Mr. Blood lubla windly for I know what a Justice of Peace ought to do in Cases of this kind; but, says he, as you are a Neighbour, and a civil Man, I scorn to take the advantage of you, though I single bring bity Action at Law against you, and make you payme so much an hour for salse Imprisonment.

This Discourse was scarce at an end, but the Constable was sent so a second time out of Mr. Blood's Company to speak with this Winness, who was by this time hurried back from Six William; who presently, when he understood what the Constable said of his not daring to hold Mr. Blood without a Warrant, sent him down with one, dated the one and thirtieth of finuary; upon the delivery whereof to the Constable the Witness with drew; and the constable came to Mr. Blood, and told him the whole story, and withat, that just then Sir William sent him a Warrant, and what pass'd between him and the Witness before, and that he did purpose to discharge Mr. Blood without any more ado, had not that Warrant been brought him, acknowledging, that he could not answer his detaining of him so long without it: A Copy of which Warrant, for the Readers surther satisfatorin, is as solloweth, (Viz.)

A Copy of a Warrant sent by the Witness to seize Mr. Blood, then actually in hold at the Dog-Tavern, by Vertue of an antedated Mittimus.

To all Conflables, and other His Majellies
Officers Civil and Military.

College Libert Collonel Thomas Blood has been a Confederate william malet. in a late Confederacy of falfly accusing and charging his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, of Sodomy, and has refused to give in Bail for his appearance at the next General Sessions to be held for the City and Liberty of Westminster.

These are therefore to will and require, That you seize and apprehend the said Collonel Thomas Blood, and if he shall refuse to give in Bail, to carry him, and deliver him into

and to sight Hand of Mil Chindred Keepers of the Gate house in -11071 6 3 Weltminitered according to the Tenon bfithe Mictimus in blefome Man, he could have trouge'd him ithat I rapplyed the Conflable, and for what? For detaining me here, replyed Mr. so adulded the louder by Warder of Peace out codeiro Calcamalido litratri intendays he, as you are a Neighbour, and a civil Man, I form to take the advantage of you, Here it may be most naturally inferrid from the Riemilles: that there was nothing more almediation thefor Proceedings than to hurry har. Blood to Goal, purpofely to bring him at finithinder publick frandal, and then tooftrip him of the good efteen of his Priends, by turning them all againfthing, and fito complear their work ) co possessin William Waller, that Mr. Blood flood guilty of capital offences, dich as Confpiracy against die Kings Laws Gridand therefore here be confined, for thele lay the knack of the Intrigue, for the original meeting brothe two Witherfes at Heaven was intended only to ferve as la Circums flance of their having feen him otheres land accordingly to be made afe of by them, when ever they came to prove what they were then imployed upon for when they underlied by The mis Curis, when they full came to Fleaven what Mr. Blodd was the Performer waste introduce them to the King and Council, in order to their detecting and divulging the Plot that they pretended to be privy to, exceeding in greatnels, as they called it, any that has been yet discovered by Dr Oates or Captain Bedloe, they excepted against Mr. Blood, I though they came thither upon no other score than to furnish themselves with Circumstances) faying, Is not that the Blood that Itale the Orown? God damin him, we will have nothing to downth him; for he is too great a Friend of the Duke of Buckingham's. Then to publiff in Print; that he was a Prifoner; to the end that the same might be dispers dowerall the Nation and the People possess'd, ( especially his Friends ) that it was for high mildemeanours, and confequently nor bailable and then for traff, because his Reputationshould not estape, being gull'd to take him up by a Mittimes, on purpose to tun him into Prison; and finding that way not to take other to take him by a Warrant Mr. Blood and the Constable continued together till it was about fix of the Clock,

For till then no Justice of Peace could be found) when Mr. Blood gave in Hail to the value of forty Pounds before Sir William Punitney, scor answernthis monthous, Acculation for fuch they Within

made Sir William VV aller believe it to be.

Within few days after, Mr. Blood happening to meet with one Mr. Burrowes, a Cabinet-seller in the Strand, they both by consent went to the Kings-head-Tavern in Chancery-Lane to drink a Glass of Wine, where being accompanied by one or two more Gentlemen, Mr. Blood, among other Passages, began to mention Sir VV illiam VV allers's unkind ulage of, and behaviour towards him; whereat Mr. Burrowes ask'd him wherein? Mr. Blood replyed, that when he was sent for the other day by Sir VVilliam, to give in Bail to answer the Charge sworn against him by the two Witnesses, he ask'd Sir VVilliam, do you heed these Fellows? you should rather secure, and lay them by the heels, for they did own before Doctor Chamberlaine; and several Witnesses, that they did run away from Heaven without speaking with him, because they thought he was too great a Friend to the Duke of Buckingham, and that they then swore several times God damn them, they would destroy the Duke of Buckingham, by Oath, or any thing elfe they could reach him with; and thereupon Sir VVilliam ask'd them both at that very instant of time, whether they knew or faid any fuch thing touching the Duke? and that they thereupon acknowledged they faid to before Doctor Chamberlaine; yet Sir VVilliam did, notwithstanding that, tell Mr. Blood, (touching him on the Sleeve ) that they were both honest Men for all this; at which Mr. Blood answered, Then the Devil is honest. Upon which Mr. Burrowes, seeming to be very unwilling to believe, that Sir VVilliam could be guilty of fo great an error; Mr. Blood, upon his own free accord, lent his Man to see if he could find out Sir VVilliam, and if he did, to defire him to come to him to the Tavern, to the end Mr. Burrowes should see and hear Sir VVilliam himself own to his face what Mr. Blood faid, touching him in this Particular. Sir VVilliam being come accordingly, Mr. Burrowes opened the matter, and, by way of reproach, began to charge Mr. Blood with his having scandalized Sir VVilliam behind his back, in faying; that he did dispence with the two Witnesses, when he faid they were honest Men. I do not know, replyed Mr. Blood, that he gave them a Dispensation, or that he did dispense With them; but that I said either the one or t other, I confess; and then Sir VVilliam being ask dif he said so or no? Yes, replyed Sir VVilliam, I own I said so; yet it has been since industriously reported, that Mr. Blood took occasion of railing against Sir VVilliam VV aller before some company; and some Person thereof concerned for Sir VV illiam, observing the fame,

should send for Sir William before the Company broke up, and that when Mr. Blood was charged therewith before Sir William by that Party who was faid to be fo concern'd, he should deny it. which Mr Blood is ready to prove if need be; and it is believed Sir William himself will ownit if need be.

Mrs. Bradley, the Woman at Fleaven, was much about the same time brought upon the same Stage with Mr. Blood, and it feems upon the like fcore; for Sir William being jealous that Mr. Blood held correspondence with Thomas Curtis, fent for her to know how long Mr. Blood knew the faid Curtis; fhe told him that she thought he never saw him but once, which was before Doctor Chamberlaine; whereat Sir William Waller, not willing to believe her Answer, told her that the lyed, it was no such thing. but that they corresponded; you may believe me, replyed the Woman, if you please, for I do not lie.

Sir William not fatisfied herewith, on the 30th of January charged her with a Constable, and caused her to be brought before When the came, he asked her where her Bail was, I have them here, quoth she; who are they? faid he; so she told him; but he not liking them; commanded the Constable to do his Duty, and carry her to Goal; the Constable hearing him to fay, and knowing her to be a Neighbour, carried her to Mr. Church his Houle, where the continued till next day. when the gave in Bail before Sir William Poultney to the value of two Hundred Pounds.

The meaning of this Pallage being mention d here is this. When the two Witnelles came first to Heaven, and went up stairs to drink, it happened that one of Mrs. Bradley's Acquaintance, being a Woman-kind, was in the next Room to them. who suspecting them to be Bailiffs, or such like Fellows, (for their outward condition made them look no better ) The accidentally liftened to know what they might fay, or came about. By and by one of them laid, How that we do this? God damn me, faid t'other, we will do this Rogue Blood's business for him, and get Oaths enough to (weat against him by that time Sir William Waller comes to Town

Upon this Mrs. Bradley's Friend for the present said nothing of the matter to her, but told it the next day to another Friend, who took no notice of it neither at that time. But leeing Mrs. Bradley brought under trouble about a fortnight after, as you heard before, both came and told her what the two Witnesses laid of Mr. Blood when they were above in the Balcony Room,

and how they swore they would do Mr. Blood's business, and would find Oaths enough against him by that time Sir William came to Town. Herenpon Mrs. Bradley had both before a Justice, to have them swear the Matter of Fact, which they accordingly did; which Depositions are to be seen in due time. From whence it may be pertinently inferr'd, that the said Witnesses were then brewing what they have since broached in the

following manner.

First they frame and contrive, that Maurice Hickey, alias Higgins, Robert Smith, alias Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur O-Bryan, Phillyp la Mere, and Jane Bradley, did by unlawful means and ways, between themfelves, conspire to rob the Duke of Buckingham, not only of his Honour and Reputation, as a Peer of England, but likewife of his Life, upon a prefumption of his committing Sodomy with one Sarah Harwood; and in order to the convicting and condemning him the faid Duke of the fame, they did invent, that they the faid Mr. Blood, and Company afore-mention'd, did agree with two of the faid Dukes Servants, namely Philemon Coddan, and Samuel Ryther, to pay them feveral hundreds of Pounds, upon condition that they would fuffer themselves to be prevailed with to come as Evidences, and Iwear, when the matter of Fact was brought to a Tryal, that they did hear Sarah Harwood declare flich and fuch things against the faid Duke; (meaning Sodomy with her, and several others) and that, besides these feveral Sums of Money thus invented to be agreed upon to be in hand paid, they flould engage to fecure them the faid Coddan and Ryther of confiderable Annuiries for Life, and the Friendthip of the best Noble-men in England, to vindicate them in hereto; and whereas the laidbib ventrevershim

That previous to all this, the faid Mr. Blood, and the rest of them, should be invented to have expended fundry great Sums of Money upon these two Fellows in Junkers, Treats, and so forth, before they could be brought to swear to this subornation against the Duke. In manner following, viz. That the said Philemon Coddan, and Samuel Ryther, should Sign a Paper ready drawn, wherein they were to certifie, that they did hear the said Sarah Flar bood confess and declare before them, that his Grace the Duke of Buckmoham did forcibly enter both her Priviles, as far as he could go, stop d her Breath, and then sent her away, by which conveyance the King soft his Evidence. That they were sure the King soft his Evidence. That they were sure the King soft his Evidence.

testifie, that the said Duke ordered the said Sarah Harwood to be murthered, or conveyed to, and fold beyond the Seas, and that he had committed the like on feveral others, which they were to be ready to prove when called thereto: And that this Inftrument should be sent (by direction of Mr. Blood, and the rest above-mentioned) by Maurice Hicky to a certain place in Bloom !berry, where he was to meet with the faid Ryther and Coddan. and being met there, to offer both or either of them that came 200 Pieces of Gold, provided they Signed the foregoing Instrument, and if they did not, to stab them; but if they did Sign, to give them the Gold. That R yther being come alone, and offered the Gold and Instrument by Mr Hickey, he should defire to have a little leifure of perufing and paufing upon it in the next room, and when that, to escape and run away to the Duke of Buckingham's Sollicitour, and tell him that he was fet upon in such a place by Maurice Hickey in the name of himfelf, Mr. Blood, and others to fign that Paper (which he was to bring with him ) and take so much Gold for his pains, or else to be killed. And that upon this escape, Hickey, thus outwitted, was to fay, when he understood by the Woman of the House that he was gone, that he and Partners were undone, and fo fled. And the next day after, the better to carry on the Defign, without suspition, to bid 100 l. in the Intelligence to any that could give tydings of this Hickey, in the following manner, viz. That whereas one Maurice Hickey had tempted one Samuel R yther, a Servant of the Duke of Buckingham's to Sign to a certain Paper, (meaning the foregoing Instrument) containing matters tending to the taking away the Life of his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, and that he offered him 300 Pieces of Gold for his condescention thereto; and whereas the said Samuel R vther did not only deny the same, but ran away; and that the faid Maurice Hickey did thereupon fly, and could not be heard of, then to bid 100 1. in the Intelligence to any that could bring tidings of him to Mr. Wbitaker wit or a buord od bluos vo.li

By this any Man may plainly see, that these Fellows were not idle in carrying on what they damn'd themselves they would, against Mr. Blood; when they were over-heard at Heaven, where they said we will find Oaths enough to swear against him by that time Sir William Waller comes to Town; for when Sir William came home, it is worth the Readers notice to remember, how he sent for Mr. Blood presently to the Buffillo-Tavern, where these Fellows were; how Sir William was prevailed with

to press Mr. Blood to give in Bail to answer what they swore as gainst him; what hast was made in running him to Prison, by laying hold of him first by a Mittimus, and then by a Warrant, as by the foregoing appears; and then to have it declared and cryed about the streets, that he was in Prison, when he was not; and how Mr. Blood was disappointed by those Hands who promiled to have them forthwith coming before that Justice of Peace in Westminster that took examination on his behalf, to anfwer what he had to actuse them of, but did not: for Mr. Blood having examin'd Witnesses before a Justice in the Liberty of Westminster, before whom a Conspiracy was proved to be on foot against Mr. Blood, and finding that these Fellows were, by the teport of the Neighbourhood, fled from their Habitations, he fent a Gentleman of his Acquaintance to Sir William VV aller, to defire and require of him, that in regard, and for as much as he had promifed to take good Security for the forth-coming of the faid Persons, and their appearing before that Authority that took examinations on his behalf, when required, he would please to produce them, to the end they might be bound over to answer what ever Charge Mr. Blood had to offer against them, and he thereby obtain equal Justice. Sir William was pleased to fav. that he was not obliged to take any Security for their appearance, nor would be bring them forth, adding, that Mr. Blood was unkind for abusing him for his civility, ( meaning the Pasfage touching Mr. Burrowes. ) Upon this the Gentleman urged, that it was Mr. Blood's opinion that he was not over kind to him, who had been to long his Neighbour and Acquaintance, and one by whom he never knew any ill.

To which Sir William answered, That he had done his Duty as to the Method wherein he took their Oaths; and as to those Circumstances which he charged him with the neglect of, they must make them out as they can, when the Matter comes to be

decided by a Tryal."

Upon this Mr. Blood's Friend came back, and gave him an account what passed between him and Sir William Walter, and how he denyed the blinging forth of the two Persons. It's plainly to be seen from the foregoing Circumstances, that there was no labour spared towards the setting of Sir William and Mr. Blood by the eats.

Whereupon Mr. Bood, not well knowing how to help himleft or what femedy to retort to, at last he went to, and directed Mr. Thompson to put them into his intelligence, in the Words following with Whereas Philemon Codan and Samuel Ryther, same a selection of the presentpretended Servants to his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, did falfly asperse Thomas Blood Esq; that he would have suborned them to swear some notorious Crimes against the said Duke, (who now abscord themselves.) If any can give notice of the said Philemon Coddan and Samuel Ryther, unto the said Thomas Blood Esq; at his House over the Bowling-Alley in Westminster, or to Dorman Newman at the Kings-Arms in the Poultry, they shall be well rewarded.

When this was cryed about the streets, and a Reward profered to any that could tell where these Fellows were, one Mrs. Stringer, that keeps a Cup of Ale to sell at the lower end of Long-Acre, happened to buy the Intelligence, and knowing these Persons, when mentioned, and where they lay, came to Mr Blood's House to let him know where they lay, under hopes, it is supposed, of receiving the promised Revvard; but milling of Mr. Blood at home, left vvord at his House, that she lived at such a Place, that her Name vvas Stringer, and that she came to give tidings of Coddan and Ryther, vvhom she heard cry'd in the Intelligence, and that if he came to her, she vvould tell him more of them.

When Mr Blood heard this, he sent presently to the Woman to let him knovy what account she had to give of them. Where-upon she told them he sent, that she knevy Philemon Coddan and Samuel Ryther, mentioned in Mr. Thompsons Intelligence, very vvell, that Coddan lodged in the next House, viz, at Mr. Monkes a Dyer, for some time, that he yvas indebted to her for Drink, Gra. Whereupon Mr. Bloods Friends desired her to let them knovy, it she could tell where the said Persons say novy? The told them in the City at a Shoomakers in Walbrook; notice whereof being brought back to Mr. Blood, he yvas advised to have her, by Ware rant, carried before a Justice of Peace, as also Mr. Monk the Dyer, to be examined touching their knovyledge of these Persons, which he accordingly did, where being both come, Mrs. Stringer gave relation of them both to the following purpose, viz.

The Justice ask a her and Mr. Mank both, 1/t. Whether they knew any thing relating to the Plot? they reply d. No. Have you ever taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy or not? they replyed, Yes: Then you know that those Oaths bind you to be true and faithful to the King; Yes, they knew that, they faid Then the Justice took Mrs. Stringer linely to task, asking her, whether the knew Codam, Ryther, or Hicker? Yes, faid the I know them all three constant Companions together, and that they usually reforted to her Cellar, accompanied great many times by other Irish Men, who were of their Gang, and whole Names

The knew not, though they all together dyeted with her commonly. Have you taken any notice of any discourse they had when they were together? replyed the Justice. Why, replyed the Woman, when they discoursed about any thing that they would not have me, or the House privy to, they usually spoke Irish. And being asked, whether she knew any remarkable thing or passage relating to any of the three under present debate. Yes, faid she: What is't? Why, said she, the day after Hickey was cryed in the Intelligence, and one hundred Pounds bid to any that could discover him, she espied him go by her door in very great hast, and being indebted to her, she ran after him, and with much ado overtook him in such a Sweat, that every drop that came from him looked as big as a Pea; being overtook, she asked him for the Money he owed her, for, said she, we are very Poor People, and new Beginners, and you would do very well to pay us. Whereto Mr. Hickey replying, I am, faid he, going into the City to Mr. Coddan, and though I am disappointed at present, yet it shall not be long before I content you; and not only that, but I will speak to Mr. Coddan to do

the like for what he owes you.

The next day, being the second day after Hickey was cryed in the Intelligence Coddan himself came to Mr. Monkes, whom he owed Money to also for Lodging, where I happening to see him, quoth the Woman, I went and spoke to him before Mr. Monk, and told him. I faw and spoke with Mr. Hickey, said she, yesterday about my Money, and he told me that he was going into the City to Speak with you: Yes, replyed Coddan, he was with me yesterday, and told me what you said to him. But, said the Woman, Mr. Coddan: I hear that Mr. Hickey is in the Intelligence; no, faid Cod-Whereupon he went away, dan, you are mistaken, it's another. and called within two days after at Mr. Monkes Shop, where I happened to be, said the Woman, and I hear, (continued she to Mr. Coddan ) that Hickey is in the Gate-boufe, and did not I tell you before, that I was fure it was the same Hickey that was cryed in the Intelligence the other day. Coddan replyed to Mr. Monk and she, saying, I was not willing you should take him, because I had a mind to take him my felf. Whereupon the Woman told the fuffice, that the faid Coddan ewing her Money, The went feveral times to demand it, burto little purpole; and being lost for some time, the heard at last that he lay in London, whither the and her Husband went on a Sundaymorning to demand their Debt, not exceeding five Shillings. He reply'd, Danm him, he would pay her no Money, if it were to fave her Life from the Gallowes, or her Soul from Hell, and so would not pay her one farthing, though he shewed a great quantity of Money that he had about him. At which her Husband went with a Friend to the Gate-house, where he found the said Hickey with the Campaigne Coat that Coddan had on his back, when Hickey was in the Intelligence.

Mr. Monkes Confession of his Knowledge of the Said Hickey, Coddan, and Ryther, &c.

Mr. Monk, when examin'd, told the Justice, that he always suspected since first he saw them, that Coddan, Ryther, Hickey, and the rest of the Gang were Rogues, that Coddan and Hickey lay at his House about three Weeks, whither they were resorted to by several other Irish men, that his opinion was, they could not get their Livelihoods honestly, being sometimes very slush of money, and sometimes none at all; that after Hickey was in the Intelligence, he met with Coddan, and told him, that Hickey was in the Intelligence, for he knew it by the mark of his Hand, and that there was one hundred Pounds bid for the apprehending of him, and that Coddan reply'd, he was mistaken, it was none of him, it was another; and Coddan calling a day or two after, Mr. Monk said to him, Did I not tell you it was the same Hickey? I, says Coddan, but I was not minded you should take him, for I intended to take him my self.

Further Mr. Monk declared, that the faid Coddan did often tell him about this time that Mr. Blood and he did never converse together

in their Lives.

When Sir William Waller, and some others, heard this, and that Mrs. Stringer and Monk were with Mr. Blood before a Justice of the Peace, and given in some report relating to Coddan and Ryther, he took occasion of going to Long-Acre, and happing in hard by the Place where Mrs. Stringer and Monk lived, Coddan sent in his own name for Mr. Monk to drink a Cup of Ale with him; accordingly Monk carrie, where he sound Sir William Waller, Mr. Whitaker, Mr. Tenks and Coddan together. After some discourse, Sir William took Monk aside, and defined him to tell him plainly what he knew of Coddan, Ryther or Hickey, how long he knew them, and what his opinion was of them. Is sto their honesty, manner of living, and so sorth, to the end, is he seemed to pretend, that if they did Mr. Blood any wrong, things might be put to right, and the laid Persons exposed to condign punishment, assausing they were found to deserve it. Where to Mr. Monkreplying, gave him his opinion as he did before when he was examin don Mr. Blood's behalf, and that withat he always rook them for very loose Fellows, and that little time would discover better what they were, and so bad Sir Wallam believe them, and what they find accordingly, for they were idle Fellows in his Modginent.

Here the Reader may, with little trouble, undo the Snare, as well as unriddle the whole Plot laid against the Innocence of Mr. Blood and others, if he will but please

to consider,

First, the manner of the two Witnesses first coming to the Woman at Heaven, what they were over-heard to say against Mr. Blood, saying (when they were told by Mr. Gurtis, that he was the man, that was to treat with them touching what they came about.) Is that the Blood that stole the Crown? God Damn him, we'll have nothing to do with him, for he's the Dukes Friend.

Secondly, Their faying at Heaven, How shall we do? faid the same again, God Damn me! we will do Blood's bu-finess for him, and find Oaths, enough against him by that

time Sir. W. W. comes to Town,

Thirdly, Their Confession before Doctor Chamberlain, where they acknowledged they would have told the Plot to Mr. Blood when they met, but that they knew he was the Dukes Friend, and therefore durit not trust him.

Fourthly, How he has been treated by Sir W. W. through the infligation of others, and endeavoured to be hurryed into Prison, first by a Mittimus, and then by a Warrant; reported that he was in Prison, when he was not, Gre.

Fifthly, How they invented the Paper which was to be figned by Coddan and Ryther, certifying that Sarah Harmood faid before them that the Duke of Buckingham did so and

fo with her, to

Sixthly, How Mairice Hickey should appoint a meeting with this Coddan and Ryther at a certain place in Bloomsberry, where he was to pay them 300 pieces of Gold, in the name of himself Mr. Blood, &c. upon their signing the faid Paper.

Seventhly, How when Hickey came (as the pretence would make it be believed) Ryther only appear d, where it was so contrived, that when Hickey should offer him the Paper to sign, Ryther should defire the liberty of considering on it in the next Room, and then like a faithful Servant sortooth, to make his escape, and run to a place hard by, where it is credibly reported his Teachers attended his coming out of such a danger (here is a delivery with a vengeance!) and pretend that one Manice Hickey, and others did tempt him with so much manyes for signing such a Paper, and that if

ujough the fell, is faid to have attempted the doin

fluce

he did not, they the faid Hickey, and Company, should stab him, that the faid Paper tended to the rum of his master the Duke, and that therefore it was wery Proper to lay

the faid Hickey by the Heels.

Eighthly, That when Hickey understood that Ryther went thus away, unknown to him as he preterended, he should thereupon tell the Woman of the House, we are all undone; for the information, its supposed, of those that waited hard by, who when they should repair where Hickey was, upon this alarum carried them by Ryther, and that they knew Hickey was sted, were to come under pre-

tence of feizing him.

Ninthly, When Hickey was thus fled, Mr. Whitaker to bid 100 fin the Intelligence to any man that could apprehend him, and give notice thereof to the faid Dukes Attorney, living hear S. Thomas Apostles. Where to their, viz. Coddan and Ryther's never to be forgotten reproach, infarmy and thame (if they had or have any) it plainly, and undeniably appears, by Mr. Stringer, and Monks Depositions aforciaid, that every day, both while he the faid Hickey was to creed after, and till he was taken, or furrender d. (it matters not which, though the last is the properest and nearest to the matter) that Hickey who thus was hunted after, and a 100 % bid to take him, was every day in the Company of Ryther, who pretends to refuse the 300 pieces for figning the Paper, and might tell Mr. Whitaker where he vvas if he lifted, Coddan might do the fame too. And being together, as Monk and Stringer make it out, Hickey might as well then, as at the meeting at Bloomsberry, kill Ryther if he lifted, and Coddan too: And if Coddan and Ryther were fuch honest men as Mr. Jenks and Mr. Whitaker faid and told Mr. Blood, before Sir W. W. they were, they would certainly have showed themselves such by discovering Hickey to Mr. Whitaker gratis, without suffering him to be at the charge of to much money as he publickly bid to any that thould take him . But their ill management of it makes it evidently plain, that when the whole matter was to be brought to an iffue they did hope to make appear that Mr. Blood, Go. were tampering with thefe two Wieneffes before Sir W. W. to charge a falle thing upon the Duke and to make it look the better, to to bring in this Hicand others, who, upon being pardoned (which Hickey amongst the rest, is said to have attempted the doing of fince

fince his confinement) were to become the King's Evidence, and swear in Conjunction with the rest, that Mr. Blood, Or. did tempt them to the Fact, that they otherwise knew nothing of it; that in fine, the whole was a Contrivance to bring an odlum upon Mr. Blood and his Friends.

Immediatly, upon Mr. Blood's having them thus cryed after, in Mr. Thompsons Intelligence, in oftler to the Bringing of them to that fullice of Peace in Wellminlter, Before whom it was proved that they really Confined against Mr. Blood, Well to answer the farme the fald two Persons thought fit, about the 16 of February, not only to make knowled there shey lay, but in a daring Vindictive manner to bushing the Better to carry on their business that hotwith taliding the many diffappointments the Conflitators against the Duke of Buckingham have hitherto met with, and the ill success met with by Subornation, vet that the universed endeavours of the Popith Confibirators feemed to find out a nevy way for afperling the Kings Evidence, thereby to fend off the hand of Justice, repeating that on the 12th of February, Mr. Blood with others of his Creatures, fent for Mr. Thempson the Publisher of the pretended True Domeftice Intelligence, and he in his Princoffering revvard to aany that could different them, they thereupon fent atheffenger to know thereward, and if the reward should be denyed, to acquaint him that they were both ready at their Lodgings in Walbrook, and had never abfented themselves, though Mr. Blood charged them therevvith contrary to his oven particular knowledge, and that Mr. Blood (after divers messengers sent him to take possession of the two sersons fent word back that he would not trouble himfelf further in the business, nor pay any revvard. And that thereupon on the Saturday following they event to my Lord Mayor. where they complained of the abuse done, not only to them but the Kings Evidence and prayed His Lordships Warfant to bring Mr. Thompson before his Lordship, who being ill, and His Lordship being inform'd hovy these a Gendemen (for so they call themselves came to be thus unfortunately frunted after, was pleafed on the enfung Munday, to Iffue, our his Warrant for the apprehending of Mr. Blood and forme others of his Companions in minute of the Freih of St. Martin in Saonagamo, Valle of the

How unwilling they were to come out of London Elberty; or appear before him who had the keeping of those Depositions at Westminster, that were made of these two Fellows

having

having conspired against Mr. Blood, is clear, for had they done so, they well knew that either they must clear that, give in bayl for their answering the same, or go to Goal; and besides that, if Mr. Blood had done them any wrong, it was equally, or more in their Power to have him taken up by Warrant at Westminster, where he was every minute to be spoken with, at his House, than in London where he seldom came; but to be taken out of London could not serve their ends, for the English of it was, they wanted him in London to bring him under the lash of a Fob Action or some such like things thereby to expose him to the trouble of procuring bail, not so be by him shere probably obtain d, or to publish that he was in Prison in good earnest, to make amends for that sale publication thereof that was formerly made, when he was said to be in the Gate-bouse.

Immediately upon the Neck of this, they frame an Indictment, against him, the faid Mr. Blood, and feveral others (most of them for Company sake) in the Grown Office, containing the whole Scene and Intrigue of this Blood wherein Manice Hickey, the better to disguise it has the Honour of having the first Post assigned him. A Gopy of which Indictment, as for the Readers better information as follows, on brever out it has brevered would or the

nved, to acquain him that they vitte both ready at their Lodgings IN 3 Mol 3 Lod Mil adveloched themselves, though Mr. Blood charged them there wish consist to his oven partitudes? and salied 3 mil to 15 the action of the constant of the

Tette June for our Lord the King profess upon their Oath). The Many of the Parifle of St. Martin in the Eights with the County of Middlelex, Gent, otherwise called Maurice Higgens, larger the Parifle Afordaid, in the County afordaid, Gent. Robert Smith, late of the Parifle Afordaid, in the County afordaid, Gent. Robert Smith, late of the Parifle of the Barifle Individual, in the County afordaid, Gent. Thomas is the Parifle of the County afordaid, Gent. John Haley, late of the Parifle of the Large of the County afordaid, Gent. Thomas Curus, late of the Parifle of St. Margaret Wellminker, in the County of Middlelex, Gent. Edward Christian, late of the Parifle of St. Margaret Wellminker, in the County of Middlelex, Gent. Edward Christian, late of the Parifle of St. Margaret Wellminker, in the County of Middlelex, Egg. Wellar O. St. Margaret well minker, in the County of Middlelex, Egg. Wellar O. St. Margaret well minker, in the County of Middlelex, as the County of Middlelex, as the County of Middlelex, and the Parifle of St. Martin in the Fields afordaid, in the County afordaid, Gent. And Jane Bradley, late of the Parifle of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middlelex, White Office of St. Martin in the Fields, and the County of Middlelex of the Parifle of St. Martin in the Fields of the Oath of St. Martin in the Fields of the Oath of St. Martin in the Fields of the Oath of St. Martin in the Fields of the Oath of St. Martin in the Fields of the Oath of St. Martin i

- having

our Lord Charles the Second, by the Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Fuith, So. The Thirtieth. with Force and Arms, &c. at the Parish of St. Martins in the Fields, in the County of Middlesex aforesaid, unlawfully, unjustly, nequitiously, devilishly and corruptly, by unlawful ways and means between themselves! have pradifed, conspired, intended and designed, to dispost and deprive his Grace the Duke of Buckingham, then and there one of the Peers and Grandees of this Kingdom of England, not only of his honour, estimation and reputation. but affects take his life away, and destroy his life and dignity of Dukeship. And to cause the faid George Duke of Buckingham, to be taken, arrested and condemned to death, for detestable Crimes and Offences of Sodomy and Buggery, by bim Supposed to be committed, with one Sarah Harwood, and divers other persons, against the order of nature. And also for inticing or transporting of the said Sarah Harwood beyond Sea, to suppress and take off their Evidences, of and concerning the Crimes of Sodomy and Buggery aforefaid. And that the aforefaid Maurice Hickey, otherwise called Manrice Higgins. Robert Smith, otherwife called Robert Jones. John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obrian, Philip le Mar, and June Bradley, to accomplife and fulfill their most imperit contrivances and practifes, conspiracies, and devillish intentions aforelaid Afterwards, and divers days and times between the aforefaid forest earth day of March; in the Thirtieth Tear of his now Majeffies Reign aforefaid and the day of taking out this Inquifition at the Parish of St. Martins in the Fields, in the County of Middlefex, Fally, unlawfully, unjuftly, malitically, negationally and devillifuly, have folicited, laboured and endeavoured to persuade, procure, Saborn, and canso one Philemon Coddan. and Saintel Rythoo, then on before Servants of the aforefail George Duke of Buckingham, for divers great Jums of Money, promotions and preferments, against all truths falls, unlawfully, unjustly, nequitionly and devillifbly, to Swear and give in Evidence upon the Tryal of the faid George Duke of Bukingham, for the Crimes and Offences aforefaid, That the Crimes and Offences aforementioned were committed by the faid Dake of Buckingham; and to induce and cause those the aforefuld Philemon Cod dan and Samuel Ryther, to Swear, give in Evidence, and prove against him the aforefaid Dake of Buckingham the Crimes and Offences aforefaid. They the aforefaid Maurice Hickey, otherwife called Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith, otherwife called Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Gurrisy Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obrian, Philip le Mar, and Jane Bradley, within the time aforefaid, to wit, between the aforefuld schemester day of March in the Phiriteth Tear of the King afore-fund, and the day of runing this Inquisition in the Parish of Sr. Martins in the Rields aforefund, in the fund County of Middlefex. The aforefund Philemon Coddan, and Samuel Ryther, with Wine, Junkers and other alarements, unlawfully, anjuftly, corruptively and devilefuly are compleated and conjoying de in the projection of the Conferracy aforefaid. And then and there, to with within the sime aforefaid, in the Pareth of Sr. Martins in the Fields aforefield, in the County of Middlefex aforefairly, Fully, unlawfully, unjustdy, correstly, and inspection of the compensey afterfaid, have expended divers great June of money speeche aforefaid Philetton Coddan, and Samuel Ryther, in the whole amounting to the Jam of one hundred and fifty pounds, and at their junkerting, drinking, and carefling, then and there, within the time, Parist, and County oforefaid, did unlawfully, unjustly, corruptly,

suptly, and in profecution of the Conspiracy aforesaid oromise the faid Philemon Coddan, and Samuel Ryther divers great advantages and preferments. and every one of them promised, that if the aforefait Philemon Coddan. and Samuel Ryther, would five ar and prove, in manner and form aforefaid. the Crimes and Offences aforesaid, to be perpetrated by him the aforesaid George Duke of Buckingham. And further, the Jury aforesaid present upon their Oaths, that the aforesaid Maurice Hickey; otherwise called Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith, otherwife called Robert Jones, John Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arrhur O. brian, Philip le Marry and Jane Bradley, afterwards, to wit, between the seventeenth day of March, in the Thirtieth Tear of the King aforesaid. and the day of taking this Inquisition at the Parish of St. Marrins in the Fields aforefaid, in the County of Middlefex aforefaid, fally, unlawfully, unjustly, corruptly, devilably, and in prosecution of the Conspiracy aforefaid, have given, deposited, and paid down to the aforefaid Philemon Coddan, divers sums of money; amounting in the whole to Forty bounds of lawful money of England, for and towards the maintenance and inconrage-ment of the faid Philemon Goddan to go forward, computs and perfect their wicked unlawful and devilif machinations practifes and intentions aforefaid. And that the aforefaid Maurice Hickey atherwise scalled Maurice Hippins Robert Smith, otherwise called Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obrian, Philiple Marr. and Jane Bradley, afterwards (to wit) within the time aforefaid, in the Pas rish of St. Martins in the Fields, in the County aforesaid, fally, unlawful ly, unjustly, wickedly, souruptly and devilubly, in professing the Confpira-cy aforolaids, did ulliume upon themselves, and faithfully promise to the aforehaid Philemon Coddan, that be the faid Philemon Coddan Bould have the friendship and respects of some Peers, and men of Power and Degree Mand allo Should bave a Place or Office in and about the bufiness of the Customs of our Lord the King, now called a Land waiter's place, of the yearly value of two bundred pounds, and the sum of heaty pounds in money risambred, and a certain maintenance during his life; of he the said Philemon Coddan would Swear and give in Evidence, shat the Grimes and Offences aforelaid mere perpetrated by the aferefaid George Duke of Buckingham in manner form aforefaid And further the Jury upon Cath fay. That the faid Morice lickey, othermise called Maurice, Higgins, Robert Smith, ethermise called Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obryan, Philip le Marr, and Jane Bruilley, where wards (to wit) within the time aforefaid (to wit) within the wareful fewenteenth day of March, in the thirtieth year of the King aforefaid, and the day of the taking this Inquifition, at the Parish of Stabinstin in the Fields ofore-faid in the faid County of Middlesex, fally, unlawfully, unjustly and devil fibry, in profesution of the Conspiracy aforefaird, have given, deposited and actually paid to Samuel Ryther, divers other sums of Money, amounting in the whole to sifey pounds, for and towards the maintenance and encouragement of the aforefaid Samuel Ryther, to profecute and compose their wicked, unlawful de-And that the aferciaid Maurice Hickey, etherwise called Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith, etherwise called Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Ghristian, Arthur Obryan, Philip le Marr, and Jane Bradley, afterwards (to wit) within the time aftresaid (to wit) within the aforesaid seventeenth day of March, in the aforesaid thirtieth war of our now Lard the King, and the day of taking of this Inquifition

VATOR'S

at the Parish of St. Martins in the Fields aforefaid, in the faid County of Middlesex, Fally, unlawfully, wickedly, corruptly, devillishly, and in prosec ution of the Conforacy aforefaid, have taken upon them, and faithfully promised the faid Samuel Ryther, that be, the aforefaid Samuel Ryther should have the Friendship of some Peers, and men of great Estates and Degree, as also a Place or Office in or about the Custome House Bufiness of our Lord the King. as also money to redeem his Estate Mortgaged by him the faid Samuel Ryther, being above three hundred pounds. And three hundred pounds more, if he the aforefaid Samuel would Swear and give in Evidence against the aforefaid George Duke of Buckingham, in manner and form aforefaid, that the Crimes and Offences aforefaid were committed by the aforefaid George Duke of Buckingham. And the Jury, further fay, upon Oath, that the aforefaid Maurice Hickey, beherwife called Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith. otherwise called Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obryan, Philip le Marr, and Jane Bradley, Afterwards (to wit) within the time aforesaid (to wit) within the seventeenth day of March in the thirtieth year of the King aforesaid, and the day of taking this Inquifition at the Parift of St. Martins in the Fields aforefaid, in the County of Middlesex aforefaid, Fally, unlawfully, unjustly. wickedly, corruptly, devillifbly, and in profecution of the Conspiracy aforesaid, and in Order to fix and secure them the aforesaid Philemon Coddan and Samuel Ryther to perform and execute their malicious devices, practices and conspiracies aforesaid, have made, composed and writ, and caused to be drawn and writ a certain false and scandalous writing in Paper. The Tenor of which Writing follows in these English Words and Figure following. Whereas Samuel Ryther and Philemon Coddan Gentlemen, in St. Martins Parish in the Fields, do hereby confess and declare, That Sarah Harwood of the City of London, Gentlewoman, did confess before us, That the Lord Duke of Buckingham was with his Privy Members as far in both her Priwy Parts as he could go with forcible entrance, stopping her Breath. and that the faid Lord Duke of Buckingbam hath fince conveyed the faid Sarah Harwood out of the way, by which means the King loft his Evidence. And do further declare, That fince that time, the faid Duke did order the faid Sarab to be murdered, and fince the time is murdered or fold beyond Sea. And do further declare; That the faid Duke hath committed the faid Sin of Sodomy, with several more, which we are ready to prove, when we are required as the Kings Evidence. Witness our Hands this 12 day of Jan. 1679. And notwithstanding all and singular the Matters in the Said Writings contained, were and still are altogether false and scandalous and untrue, yet Maurice Hickey, otherwise called Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith, otherwife Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obryan, Philip le Marr, and Jane Bradley, afterwards (to wit) within the time aforefaid (to wit) within the seventeenth day of March, in the aforesaid thirtieth year of the King, and the day of taking of this Inquifition at the Parifir of St. Martins in the Fields aforefaid, in the County of Middlefex aforefaid, unlawfully, unjustly, wickedly, corruptly, devillifily, and in profeention of the Conspiracy aforesaid, against the aforesaid George Duke of Buckingham's Life, Effate and Honour, this writing in Paper to the faid Samuel Ryther, then and there did produce, flew and offer, and every one of them then and there unlawfully, unjuftly, corruptly, wickedly, devillifuly, and in profecution of the Confpiracy aforefaid, bath produced, foewn and offered

the aforesaid Note of the aforesaid Samuel Ryther. And then and there fally, unlawfully, unjustly, wickedly, corruptly and devillishly in prosecution of the Conspiracy aforesaid, did offer and promise to give to the said Samuel Ryther a Purse of Gold, containing three hundred pieces of Gold, of the value of three hundred pounds, and every one of them did then and there promise to give, if he the said Samuel Ryther would sign and subscribe the aforesaid Writing with his own Name and Hand, which the said Samuel Ryther then and there refused to do. All which contrivances, conspiracies, subornations and unlawful practices of the aforesaid Maurice Hickey otherwise Maurice Higgins, Robert Smith, otherwise Robert Jones, John Haley, Thomas Curtis, Thomas Blood, Edward Christian, Arthur Obryan, Philip le Marr, and Jane Bradley, tend to the great hazard of the Life and destruction of the aforesaid George Duke of Buckingham, and the manifest perversion of the Justice of this Kingdom of England, to the ill example of all others in the like Case transgressing, and against the Peace of our Lord the King, his Crown and Dignity.

When Mr. Blood smelt of this Indictment, and that for proof of the Contents thereof, it was reported that it was given out by Mr. Christian and others concerned, that among other Places of consultation: The Crown in Ram Alley in Fleestreet, and the Bear in Holborn, both Victualling Houses, were said and nominated; and that Mr. Blood, and Mr. Christian have consulted in those two places, as well as treat the said two Persons with money, Treats, Junkets and other encouragements, and large plights and promises of preferment, &c. in the Custom-House, in order with the more eale to prevail with them to be suborned as Witneffes in this matter. He carried with him five substantial people and went to both places (for well he might without blush, innocent man!) and directed the faid five people to examine whether they knew of Mr. Blood or ever faw him with any bodythere to which the people reply'd, (as well they might) No; Do you know him? no, faid they: did you ever feethis man here faid they, pointing at Mr. Blood? no, never in our Lives. All which he is ready to justify, when need is : Befides it is very well known that this Mr. Christian and Blood could never to this day lay up their Hories together, as the old faying is, so that it is very improbable that he should coact with one in an Intreague of this make, to whom he always grudged the civility of drinking either publickly or privately. Furthermore, if any House in London or England, of any good repute, can say or give any Testimony that he has ever seen Mr. Blood and these Fellows together, in company of Mr. Christian, by himfell, or all three together, Mr. Blood will contentedly acquirio under the feverell centure.

To come to my L. Mayors Warrant, when his Lordship issued it, for the apprehending Mr. Blood, & others of his Crew, pursuant to the complaint of Coddan and Ryther, it was reported (you may immagine by whom) that Mr. Blood, nor the other Persons of Mr. Blood's company, said to be mention'd therein, durst come into his Lordships Liberty for fear of being taken up. When the same came to be understood by one of the Parties, he presently went into the City, and having waited some short time about his Lordships house, he was introduced to his Lordship, and told his Lordship that hearing it spread abroad, that he listed a Warrant against him, he was come to know of his Lordship what it was for. I do (Replyed my Lord) Issue a great many War-

Warrants, that I do not remember who they are against. Why, replied Blood's Friend, reading in the Intelligence that your Lordship had a Warrant against Mr. Blood and Friends, I thought it might be my self; whereupon my Lord sent his Clerk to know whether by his Entries any Warrant appeared issued against one of that name; who went accordingly, and brought word that he did not find any, and when there is, said the Clerk, I'le send word. I lodge, teplied Blood's Friend, at Grayes-Inne, and if there be, or when there is any thing of this kind against me, I'le wait upon your Lordship, if I am sent for. I do not usually concern my self, replied my Lord, with any out of my Liberty; and so went away.

Lord, to know, if his Lordship had issued any Warrant lately against Mr. Blood, and if he did, he came in Mr. Blood's name to know what it was for. To whom it was replied, by another of his Lordships Clerks, there was one issued against Mr. Blood three dayes before, together with one John Bury, and one Fooks.

Few dayes after, Mr. Whitaker took the berry of spreading about the City that Mr. Blood and Friends, having heard of a Warfant that was out against them from my Lord Mayor, durst not come into London, as they usually did, for fear of being imprisoned, reporting at the same time that he had the same in his Pocket. This report being boasted about in the Coffee-Houses, and particularly in one Mr. Combe's, where one of Mr. Blood's particular good friends happened to be, the Friend replied, protesting he did not believe it, and that if Mr. Blood's Friend did decline coming into London upon that score, he would never own him; and withal said, I'le warrant his coming, and being there, norwithstanding all this, to day or to morrow.

Mr. Blood's Friend hearing this, as also that Mr. Whitaker offered Mr. Combes the Coffee man; half a Crown in Money, to drink a Bottle of Sack with, conditionally that he would tell him where Mr. Blood's Friend was, if he was then in the City, or send him word when he came there; whereupon Mr. Blood's Friend hearing this, lest word that he did not fear either Mr. Whitaker or his Warrant, and that if he had any thing to say to him, he was there to answer him: and, said he; said going to the Crown Tavern, where I've stay some time, which pray tell him if you see him this afternoon.

Ι

(30)

To make thore, by and by in came Mr. Whitaker, and after-wards his Man. Mr. Whitaker enquiring after Mr. Blood's Eriend, Combes told him, that he was hard by. Where I taid Mr. Whitaker, nay, faid Combes, let me have the Half-Crown his, which he accordingly did, but with feeming anger, then he told him where he was. Whereupon Mr. Whitaker lent his Servant with my Lord Mayor's Warrant, who asked him, whether he would need to the before the before the would need to the before the before the before the before the would need to the before t please to go before the Lord Mayor. No said he, I may go before any other Justice of the Peace; for laid he your Warrant is not Special; then one that stood by adviced him to go before Sin William Turner, and another to mother: Well, Care Mr. Blood's Friend, I do not care if I go before my Lord, I'de as live go before him as any other, elpocially upon this in regard he took their People's Examination, and therefore, Susect-heart, faid he, go and bring a Contrable: will you not go with out one? replied the Servant, Woll, faid the Servant, Jig go and tell my Matter, and come again. Well, faid Mr. Blood's Friend, now tis half an hour past Four, Jig stay till Five for your Matter, and no longer, and if he comes within that time. I'le go with him there my Lord. Whereupon the Servant went to his Mafter, and at the time appointed same back again, and asked whether or no he would go before my Lord. No. faid Mr. Blood's Enjend, nor without a Constable. Well, said he, my Master than must take another time and opportunity.

Thereupon Mr. Blood's Friend frond up and faid, Your Mafter has here faid he given Mr. Combes Halfa Crown for a Bostle of Sack, to let him speak with the when I came to the City, and see I dare do it? But, said he, tell your Matter that in recompensed l'le give you tive Shillings to buy a pair of Gloves, and spend fifteen Shillings upon him, provided he will bring Coddon and Rither to Westminster, so answer Mr. Blood's charge, And belides, tell him famber that it he be the Duke of Bushing-bam's Solicitor, I am Mr. Blood's Solicitor, of So that it is plainly forn they wanted only Mr. Blodin the City to lay him in Pickle

To the foregoing Nattative it may be without diguestion added that at the buriting out of the late Divice, called the Presbueries. Plat disposered by Mr. Dangerfield, and broached at the Lodgings of Collonel Ratherick Mangellin Anomed Westmonton it was fully reparting that Mr. the did combine and soptpice with losse Reselons in the World to enfrare and entangle the Protestors of the true Proteston Religion, in a Plot laid against the Government.

Tryed for his Life; and then upon getting his Pardon; to be report the King's Evidence by berraying feveral Preflyteriaes, multiple be was daid to be concerned within the faid Confpiracy. And also confequently the appealments time if under force ill confines with some of this built driends in living limb; Section to the matter with some of this built driends in living limb; Section to the matter of Bio was devial lower thing and a colored affect to matter of Bio was devial lower thing and a colored affect to the matter of Bio was devial lower thing and a colored affect to the matter of Bio was devial lower thing and a colored affect.

Hen the late Parliament was diffolyed, and our prefent one called to fucceed at, it fell out, that one bennes talls a Thomas, Curtis was then employed by fome Power or Authority to catry down Wais into the Country to Sherits, to chile new Parliament Members. This Mr. Curtis being returned from his Errand, and calling at Heaven, whether he usually relorted in Term and Parliament time, as being an old acquaintance of James Bradley in his life-time, Mrs. Bradley, the Gid J. Bradle's Widow, asked his Opinion, in reference to his chinking whether the approaching Parliament, would fir at the appointed time or no for it highly concerns, continued the, that live hermabouts, to have it fit, if the re for no other Good but the Cultom and Trade it brings (for her lively hood depended much upon it.) Truly replied Curic, I know nothing of its Sitting, peither whether or no it continues Sitting when it meets. I am forry in my Heart, faid the, that you can give me no better hopes for we shall be mined for want of Trades This after some further discourse to that purpose, the said Curit whilperingly told her, shas he heard shere were Commillions a giving out a how? much the boy comes that? who has them a giving a faid he Mr. Blood is one that has Commissions to give our. And with that they both parted, being Sauday Night.

When he was gone, she began seriously to consider of what could be the matter or meaning of giving out Commissions, and could not purge her thoughts thereof all that Night; and observing Mr. Blood mentioned; as also that he was a Friend to the King, and sinking deeper into the thing, wondred what it should be, and therefore at last thought sit to send for Mr. Blood, to acquaint him with it, (though she never had the exchange of

one word with him in her lifetime before.)

Mr. Blood after twice funding did happen to be gled soming to her, till the Toofder following as judging is was put the foore of fomo frivologic crand the might lend to the begetting his Cultury to her strucker came at laft, and dething her or religion the ballings; the achearted what pallful beyone blood for and there is no blood that the doubled chaothe the knew i Corne is they funding a cquaintance, yeathe clickness happened white his heart might be the and that the therefore tent for him, we give him watthinks became

Whereupon Mr. Blood pauled a little, and began to think what to do in the case, but in list resolvento go to lone friends for their advice addirections, what to think of an defince against the in effect of facts of facts of reports as that feemed to threaten. And shading that is was impossible for any judgment or Scruding to decease of employing the meaning of it without some or Scruding to decease of employing the meaning of it without some time to could be on a substituted bring to pass it the substitute of the could be accordingly did. Soft now independently by the substitute of the could be read to the could be substituted to the substitute of the WITH White Maine Back and been committeed to the Selection cultody of the state of the Bale the state from the 18 the and Council, with properties he shall notice the thought to the state of the life. One the plantations shall notice the thought to the state of the life. One the plantation is the life of the life. We can exist in Mayestical Jakaces of the Peter is faild to have contrary shellers can the state and the meters to Take man, furnished and the Houles at an expense of the Might, furnished him winds Moniey begins wanted their backing shall be meeting. And Mr. Block treng told chief the first wante in the grandom, and excepting the meeting out the grandom, and excepting the putilification of decisions to purely duct to the putilification of the property of the property

When he was gone, therbegm feriously to confider of what could be the matter of meaning of giving out Communions and could not purge here lengther lives all that Nights and observing. Mr. blood mentioned as allother he was a friend to the King, and finking deeperinto the thing, wondred what it Brould be; and therefore at last throught tit to fend for Mr. 15 and to acquainchim with it ( nough the never had the exchange of one wand the benefit he all became belone)

